## Models of Set Theory II – Winter 2019/20

Peter Holy – Problem Sheet 2

**Problem 1:** Verify the following, for given regular infinite cardinals  $\kappa$ ,  $\lambda$  and  $\nu$ :

- 1.  $\operatorname{Add}(\kappa, \lambda, \nu)$  is isomorphic to a suitable product in which all factors are the forcing  $\operatorname{Add}(\kappa, 1, \nu)$ .
- 2.  $Add(\kappa, \lambda, \nu)$  is a complete subforcing of  $Add(\kappa, Ord, \nu)$ .
- 3.  $Add(\kappa, Ord, \nu)$  satisfies the forcing theorem.
- 4. ZFC does not hold after forcing with  $Add(\kappa, Ord, \nu)$ .

**Problem 2:** Verify the following, assuming Global Choice in case X is a proper class.

- 1. If P is the I-supported product of  $\{P_x \mid x \in X\}$ , each  $P_x$  is  $<\lambda$ -closed, and I is closed under unions of size less than  $\lambda$ , then P is  $<\lambda$ -closed.
- 2. The second part of Lemma 4.4, which is the following statement: If  $\lambda$  is inaccessible,  $\kappa < \lambda$  is regular,  $|P_x| < \lambda$  for each  $x \in X$ , I is an ideal on X, each element of I has size less than  $\kappa$ , and P is the I-supported product of  $\{P_x \mid x \in X\}$ , then P satisfies the  $\lambda$ -chain condition.

**Problem 3:** Verify the following:

- 1. If  $X \subseteq Y$ , I is an ideal consisting of subsets of Y, and  $\{P_y \mid y \in Y\}$  is a collection of (set) forcing notions, then the *I*-supported product of  $\{P_x \mid x \in X\}$  is a complete subforcing of the *I*-supported product of  $\{P_y \mid y \in Y\}$ . In particular, each  $P_y$  is a complete subforcing of the *I*-supported product of the *I*-supported product of  $\{P_y \mid y \in Y\}$ .
- 2. Let  $\alpha$  be a limit ordinal, and let P be the finite support product of nontrivial forcing notions  $\{P_{\beta} \mid \beta < \alpha\}$ . Let G be P-generic, and let  $G_{\beta}$  denote the induced  $P_{\beta}$ -generic for  $\beta < \alpha$ . Then,  $V[G] \supseteq \bigcup_{\beta < \alpha} V[G_{\beta}]$ .
- 3. Let P be an I-supported product of  $\{P_n \mid n \in \omega\}$  for an arbitrary ideal I on  $\omega$ , and assume that for every  $n < \omega$ ,  $P_n$  preserves all cofinalities, and  $P_n \Vdash 2^{\aleph_0} = \aleph_{n+1}$ . Let G be P-generic, and let  $G_n$  denote the induced  $P_n$ -generic for  $n < \omega$ . Then,  $V[G] \supseteq \bigcup_{n < \omega} V[G_n]$ .

**Problem 4:** Finish the argument for the proof of Theorem 5.1 by showing that for every infinite regular cardinal  $\lambda$ ,

$$(2^{\lambda})^{V[G]} = F(\lambda),$$

which is done similar to the argument from Philipp's lecture that after forcing with  $Add(\lambda, \theta, 2)$ , for  $\theta$  with cofinality greater than  $\lambda$  over a model of the GCH,  $2^{\lambda} = \theta$  holds.